identical to those which will be used in the year 2000 census. This form is a simplification and update of a similar applicant background survey used by DOI for many years. In light of this long term routine use and the need to quickly move to the new format, OMB has granted a 6 month emergency approval of the form to allow its use during the period for public comment.

Comments are invited on: (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed information collection; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected: and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Title, Associated Form, and OMB Number: Applicant Background Survey, DI form 1935; OMB Control No.: 1091– 0001

Needs and Uses: This form is used to obtain source of recruitment, ethnicity, race, and disability data on job applicants to determine if the recruitment is effectively reaching all aspects of the relevant labor pool and to determine if there are proportionate acceptance rates at various stages of the recruitment process. Response is optional. The information is used for evaluating recruitment only, and plays no part in the selection of who is hired.

Affected Public: Applicants for DOI jobs.

Annual Burden Hours: 9,960. Number of Respondents: 120,000. Responses Per Respondent: 1. Average Burden Per Response: no more than 5 minutes.

Frequency: 1 per application.

Dated: March 8, 1999.

#### Michael Dole,

Affirmative Employment Program Administrator, Department of the Interior. [FR Doc. 99–6612 Filed 3–17–99; 8:45am] BILLING CODE 4310–10–P

#### **DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR**

#### Office of the Secretary

### Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor Commissions; Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Section 552b of Title 5, United States Code, that a meeting of the Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor Commission will be held on Thursday, April 15, 1999.

The Commission was established pursuant to Public Law 99–647. The purpose of the Commission is to assist federal, state and local authorities in the development and implementation of an integrated resource management plan for those lands and waters within the Corridor.

The meeting will convene at 7:00 PM at the Worcester Historical Museum, 30 Elm Street, Worcester, MA for the following reasons:

- 1. Approval of Minutes
- 2. Executive Director's Report
- 3. Commission's Chair Report
- 4. Public Input

It is anticipated that about twenty people will be able to attend the session in addition to the Commission members.

Interested persons may make oral or written presentations to the Commission or file written statements. Such requests should be made prior to the meeting to: Michael Creasey, Executive Director, Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor Commission, One Depot Square, Woonsocket, RI 02895, Tel: (401) 762–0250.

Further information concerning this meeting may be obtained from Michael Creasey, Executive Director of the Commission at the aforementioned address:

#### Michael Creasey,

Executive Director BRVNHCC.
[FR Doc. 99–6602 Filed 3–17–99; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4310–10–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

## National Recreation Lakes Study Commission

**AGENCY:** National Recreation Lakes Study Commission, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of draft recommendations and themes.

**SUMMARY:** The Omnibus Parks and Public Land Management Act of 1996 authorizes a presidential commission to review the demand for recreation at Federal lakes, and to develop alternatives for enhanced recreation uses, primarily through innovative public/private partnerships.

The following draft recommendations by themes were approved by the Commission at the Commission Meeting on March 3, 1999. It is also available on the web at www.doi.gov/nrls/ or if you would like a hard copy, please write to us at: National Recreation Lakes Study Office, 1951 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room 320, Washington, DC 20240.

### Federal Lakes Recreation Leadership Council

• Commit resources and establish an interagency Federal Lakes Recreation Leadership Council to coordinate recommendations of the National Recreation Lakes Study Commission.

# Reinvention Laboratory and Demonstration Program

• Develop a National Recreation Lakes Demonstration Program and apply for Reinvention Laboratory status for the Program.

#### **Environment for Success**

- Operate Federal lakes to optimize water use for all beneficial purposes, including recreation and environmental values, consistent with Congressionally authorized purposes.
- The Federal lakes leadership council shall review current guidelines regarding recreation activities for all Federal lakes and develop policy recommendations which will include best business practices to encourage private sector investment in needed recreation facilities.
- Include the Bureau of Reclamation and the Corps of Engineers in the Recreational Fees Demonstration Program and allow fee revenues to be retained at the management unit where collected and used for capital improvements and operations and maintenance costs.
- Encourage partnerships with non-Federal entities. Specifically, change Bureau of Reclamation and Corps of Engineers policies to allow them to costshare with their non-Federal governmental partners for rehabilitation of recreation facilities developed in conjunction with States and local governments and Tribes.
- Amend Federal grant-in-aid programs to eliminate the requirement for State matching funds when projects benefit Federal lakes.
- Develop and implement aggressive public information programs to communicate the services and facilities available to the public as well as the mission and management of the lakes, and interpretive programs to provide learning opportunities and experiences which help visitors and local residents learn about the natural and cultural history of the lake area leading to understanding of their important role as stewards of public lands and lakes.
- Amend Public Law 89–72 to repeal the requirement that Federal entities can only develop new recreation facilities through cost sharing agreements with non-Federal governmental entities.